

SILVER AND SENATOR JONES—OUR DUTY.

The Bland Silver Bill has at last become a law, and that metal once more takes its place as the yoke fellow in commerce of gold. The contest has been long and bitter, arraying the whole moneyed powers of the civilized world, on one side, and the principles of a true political economy, that always regards the prosperity of the masses as of paramount interest, on the other. The few wealthy men who hold the notes and bonds of individuals and nations, fought the remuneration of silver with all their power because they desired to continue the increase in the purchasing power of gold, that has been going on in every nation, except France, for the past fourteen years, bringing financial disaster upon every class and interest except themselves. It has been a great battle, such a one as marks an epoch in civil history and occurs but once in a generation. Now that the fight is over and won and we have our feet once more planted on the solid rock upon which Hamilton and his co-workers so wisely built, it is right that we should review the field and especially mark the man who has so gloriously led the people to victory against the moneyed kings of the civilized world. In 1867 a man came to this State from California to take charge of certain mining interests on the great Comstock lode. He was known by but few in the State, had seldom engaged in political contests, and then more to promote the interests of his party and friends than for personal ambition. He soon developed wonderful executive abilities and won in every fight he undertook against the men who sought to control every mine and mill in this part of the State. In 1873 he was elected to fill the seat in the United States Senate made vacant by the term of W. M. Stewart expiring. Many even of his personal friends doubted the wisdom of the choice feared that he would not be able to win for himself a fair position in that august assembly. He made no foolish attempt to carry the Senate by storm, but went to work patiently, studying the condition of the nation. He saw financial disasters on every hand and a country just closing its first century of national existence, with a virgin soil, vast forests, great rivers running through it, untold riches in its mines of coal, iron, gold, silver and other metals and minerals, peopled by the most intelligent, active and ambitious race on earth, brought to the very verge of anarchy by some unseen power of apprehension. The political questions of the day were sunk into insignificance in his mind by the city of distress that came from every State in the Union. Why such a country, possessed of such undeveloped wealth, of such uncomputed possibilities, should be in such a wretched condition, was a question upon which he found no harmony of thought either in or out of Congress. He lent all his energies to the solution of the problem and the discovery of a remedy. Early in the session of 1875 he caused to be introduced in the House a bill to restore silver to its old place as one of the circulating coins of the country. The great Presidential contest overshadowed everything else and the bill attracted but little attention. After the storm was over Senator Jones again opened the fight and announced his intention to carry it on until he won. He made no provision for retreat feeling full confidence in his ability to win the battle notwithstanding all the power that could be brought against him. April 24th, 1876, he made his great speech on the "Resumption of the Silver Standard," in the Senate, and for the first time showed the great power that was in him. We believe that his opponents, either in the halls of Congress or in the public prints, have never successfully assumed a single position he assumed in that speech. No address has ever been made in Congress since the Republic was formed showing such an amount of wide research, patient investigation and brilliancy of generalization as this speech of Nevada's Senator. He went into the fight alone and those who have assisted him are converts he has made by the strength of his arguments. To day from Maine to California, from the Lakes to the Gulf, among all classes, friends and foes, the name of Nevada's Senator is enrolled high in the list of those whose efforts have made the fame of the United States Senate noble and distinguished among the legislative assemblies of the world.

From the first day that John P. Jones took his seat on the floor of the Senate, he has devoted his whole time and all his energies to the duties of his office. Possessed of a great fortune, he has allowed it to go to ruin through sheer neglect. Richard Brinsley Sheridan was speaking one night in the House of Commons, when some one whispered to him that his theater, all the property he had in the world, was burning. He waved the messenger aside saying, "That concerns only me—this the nation." So our noble Senator has stood to his post while his fortune was melting away. He has not only made for himself an honorable reputation throughout the nation to whose people he has been so devoted, but he has also elevated the name of Nevada to a high position in the sisterhood of States. Both in and out of the Senate chamber he has been our champion and defender. In every thing he has done his whole duty to us and to the nation. And now what have the people of the State of Nevada to offer Senator Jones in return for all he has done for us? How can we best show our appreciation of him and place him in the strongest contrast with his puny colleague? Let us elect him to be his own successor by a unanimous vote! We can conceive of no reason why the Democrats of Nevada should not unite with the Republicans in thus honoring one who has so highly honored us and has sacrificed so much for us. There is no political question that will not be safe in his hands, even from a Democratic standpoint. Come Democrats and Republicans, unite and show Senator Jones our gratitude and appreciation of his labors in our behalf and to the nation that we are worthy of calling him our son.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22, 1878. Editor Journal. Friday, the last legislative day of the silver discussion in the Senate, was the liveliest and decidedly the most interesting. What Senators had forgotten to say in their long drawn, ornate and often very tiresome speeches, was condensed and tersely put. The time was about all filled up from the close of the morning hour, when consideration of the bill was resumed, till the final vote at about five Saturday morning, the session continuing all night. Mr. Blaine's proposition for a dollar weighing 425 grains was defeated as he prophesied, but as passed, the bill bears the impress of his genius in several of its features. The

FREE COINAGE. Provision was stricken out and the seigniorage accruing from the work at the mint goes to the Government instead of the bonanza fellows, which they don't like. An international convention, looking to some uniform usage relative to the bi-metallic standard, and to secure a fixed relative value between gold and silver, was also provided for. According to the provisions of the bill, holders of coin may deposit it in sums above \$10, receiving therefor coin certificates of like denomination. The final vote was 48 ayes, 21 nays. It is believed the House will concur in the Senate amendments when the bill can be got from the Speaker's table, though some of the inflationists are much disgruntled, holding that the doctoring it has received in the Senate has destroyed all its beneficent features.

THE CONTESTED LOUISIANA SEAT yesterday prevented action on the bill, the former taking precedence as of higher privilege. Judging from all the precedents of the extra and present session, it will not take the majority long to decide that matter in favor of the Democratic contestant, regardless of the testimony in favor of the Republican, then we may expect the bill to be again taken up and passed, if not reached before, enough of the extremists being counted on to insure that result, on the principle of preferring a half loaf to no bread, these hard times. The

EXPORT TRADE CONVENTION Met in this city Tuesday noon. About one hundred delegates were present and Reese, Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements appointed by the Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce, called the meeting to order. J. D. Hayes of Detroit, was chosen Temporary Chairman, J. Vannate, Pittsburg, Pa., Temporary Secretary. All the delegates present were admitted though there were some irregularities found relative to the credentials of those from St. Paul, Mich.; Selma, Ala.; Pensacola, Fla.; and several

other cities. For permanent organization the Committee reported as follows: Henry Lippett, B. I., President, E. T. Beal, Cal.; W. Frew, Penn.; John Hogan, Mo.; H. D. Welsh, Penn.; Jas. Buchanan, N. J.; B. H. Huger, S. C.; T. Tupper, La.; B. Blakeley, Minn.; A. Norcross, Mass.; W. D. Chisley, Fla.; E. B. Cheney, Ohio; S. P. Smith, N. C.; H. B. Allen, Neb.; J. T. Ganse, Del.; A. Lewis, Mich.; Vice Presidents, W. Vannate, Pa.; C. R. Flint, N. Y.; and W. Gologer, Pa., Secretaries. The time from organization till adjournment was consumed in speeches mostly in favor of protection, subsidies to American ships and navigation laws that will exclude foreign vessels from participation in our coasting or foreign trade. The convention reassembled yesterday and the drift of sentiment in favor of a public policy that will secure all three was confirmed by overwhelming votes. After providing for a permanent board of export trade, the convention adjourned sine die, to call in a body on the President.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE Also convened here Tuesday. President Flogg was absent, sick, and Vice President, Dr. T. P. Jones, of Georgia, presided. In the President's address it is urged that a delegation be appointed to the Paris Exposition. The Credentials Committee reported to States and Territories including this District, represented. Among the resolutions were the following: The first was addressed to the Committee of Agriculture to ascertain if the memon of American agriculture desired by the Society of Agriculturists of France would be published. The second favored the owning by Government of the principal railway lines. Third urges Congress to supply additional endowment to the colleges incorporated under Congressional acts of 1862, for promoting a knowledge of agriculture and mechanic arts. Fourth recommends the establishment of 'Experiment Stations' in States now deficient. The fifth condemns any further distribution of public lands to railroads. The convention after a day and evening session Wednesday, devoted to matters of general interest, during which discussion took a direction more or less pertinent to the resolutions of the day previous, adjourned, all feeling that the time had been wisely and profitably spent. The speeches of

HALE AND GARFIELD In the House Tuesday seemed about equally divided in protesting against the many violations of the "understanding"—not "bargain"—that resulted in the 'Southern policy,' and in defining the position now occupied by Republican supporters of it, or rather that did support it. The portraits drawn by Madison Wells in Tuesday's New York Times of those concerned in the arrest and conviction of the members of the Board, will not tend to soften Republican resentments towards the perfidious Southern or Northern Democrats who have abetted this prosecution, or those who continue to conciliate by throwing to them the saps of official favors. Butler's assault on the President and Senator Hoar came just at the time when the misadministration of friends was most needed. All familiar with Butler's sleuthhound method of pursuing an enemy, regard his promise to make Mr. Hoar's name historical as boding no end of trouble to him. Collector Simmons' reappointment is being strenuously opposed by Mr. Hoar with a good prospect of success, it is said.

LOGAN. The vein of rich ore below the 800 level of the Justice is found to widen as it is drifted upon, and has now attained a width of about three feet and is still as rich as at first. The whole width of the deposit at this point is eight feet. It is to be hoped that the rich deposit may be found to increase in size as it is followed down and to the southward.

A CORRESPONDENT at Vienna learns that the Russians are bent upon entering Constantinople with or without the Porte's consent, and that England has informed Russia if the latter course is pursued the British Ambassador will be ordered to quit St. Petersburg.

REMOVAL NOTICE.—Osborn and Shoemaker, Druggists, inform their old patrons and the community generally, that they will on the 1st day of February, move into the building occupied by J. N. Jaquish, one door west of their present stand. *

W. H. HOLMES, Tuner and Repairer of Pianos, Organs and Musical Instruments of all kinds. Satisfaction guaranteed. Two doors east of P. O. *

TIMBER CUTTING. Trespassing on Government Timber Lands.—The Lumbermen's Side of the Case. [Truckee Correspondent S. F. Bulletin.] TRUCKEE, Cal., February 25, 1878. The United States Grand Jury has indicted a number of our citizens for trespassing on Government lands, in violation of a law passed by Congress in 1831, which forbids the removing or causing to be removed of 'live oak, red cedar or other timber' from the public land, except for naval purposes, under penalty of a fine not less than three times the value of timber taken—half to go to the informer—and imprisonment not exceeding one year.

The gentlemen concerned in this matter are among our most respected citizens, and it seems to be a case of peculiar hardship. There is, so far as I can learn, no pretense on the part of the authorities that the owners of the mills have cut the trees or hired men to cut them for them. It has been bought at the mills from men engaged in cutting logs and delivering them, who in turn bought the standing trees from the original pre-emptors or pretended owners. There was no collusion between any of the parties to defraud the revenues. On the contrary, it was the custom of one or two of the firms now in trouble to trace the matter back to the locators, and demand a sight of the Government's receipt for the price of the land, believing that such payment gave him the right to remove the timber. In this, however, they now find they were mistaken. Until the patent is actually signed and delivered, there is no let up in the law of trespass.

The history of the lumber business on the Truckee river dates from 1866. The Central Pacific Railroad was granted the right to cut and use the timber on Government land as well as that on the sections granted it as a subsidy for construction. Under this privilege its officers prevailed upon parties, some of whom are now waiting a trial, to establish mills and cut lumber and timber for the uses of the road. In 1871, when the snow sheds, side tracks, shops, etc., approached completion, the right to cut was revoked. These parties immediately purchased large tracts from the Railroad Company and took measures to secure lands owned by the United States. In this the utmost difficulty was experienced. The State had exhausted its college scrip. Much of the scrip advertised for sale by real estate agents was worthless. The benefits of the pre-emption and homestead laws were confined to actual settlers, who must make their homes on the land and use it for agricultural purposes, no bargain to part with their rights must be made. It must be their bona fide home, and a statement that all these conditions were complied with must be made under oath. Under this state of affairs occurred the division of labor into saw mills proper and loggers. Under recent practices the cutting and hauling of logs has become an entirely distinct branch of business. Many of the mills do not own a single ox, or have in their employ a single chopper.

That enormous quantities of timber have been stolen all over California is well known. It has been practiced for over thirty years, without proper regard either to economy or the rights of Uncle Sam. The department has offered no objection whatever. Where complaints have been made by interested parties and trials forced through the courts, a fine of \$1 and imprisonment of one hour have been imposed. The right to cut has never been questioned, except where it infringed upon the property of individuals.

Public necessities demanded the lumber and the very life of the settlers in the great valleys—the miner and stock raiser—depended upon the supply from the distant mountains. A prominent lumberman or Planer county has informed me repeatedly that the practice could not be abolished without a change of laws.

The only law which touches the case is the one mentioned above, passed before California was heard of, to meet a particular case in a Southern State where valuable ship timber was being destroyed by vandals, and is only another instance of the great danger of hasty legislation which places in jeopardy the rights of the many in order to punish the deserving few. The most onerous and extraordinary burdens may be placed on the manufactures of and dealers in lumber under this ancient statute. Every man who buys and saws a log, the man who buys the lumber to sell, and the builder who puts it into his house, are equally liable with him who stole it off the ground where it grew. Indeed, they are more so as the pre-emptor, especially in the timber regions, is almost invariably a poor man, who carries on his practices without the outlay of capital necessary in any subsequent state of the material, and fines can only be collected from parties with means to pay. A jealous neighbor or any watchful enemy could easily ruin any one who has been in the business for any length of time.

The Government price for the public lands is most liberal and generous and our lumbermen have always been willing and anxious to pay the money and obtain patents, and I do say that a law remaining on our statute books which compels men to either commit perjury or robbery, when the demand for lumber and timber is as great as it is and has been in California, and the interests concerned in its being filled so enormous, reflects upon our national congress in the most serious manner. And the fact that men cut off the wood which was wholly unprotected

for thirty years, against which they heard no note of warning in all that time, that men who did use it stole it instead of perjury themselves, is rather a credit than a disgrace to them.

All doubtful practices and trespass should be stopped at once, but to pursue parties who have supplied public demands often for a very scanty profit is persecution. As has been said in the columns of the Bulletin repeatedly, the pre-emption and homestead laws do not apply at all to our timber lands, and Congress should not adjourn without passing laws to enable men to obtain lands, or the privilege of cutting timber on lands for a term of years, as well as laws to punish parties trespassing, and repealing this law which discriminates against innocent parties who handle the timber miles away from where it grew.

There was great wavering in the Cabinet about the veto up to the last, and Secretary Sherman was disposed to yield to public opinion and political necessity. Secretary Evarts is said to have remarked that if the bill was defeated the people might be so vexed as to force the passage of some more ultra measure. Many gold men expressed similar views.

New York yesterday levied an assessment of 15 cents per share, Alps an assessment of \$1, and Caledonia one of 50 cents.

THE CRADLE.

THOMPSON.—In Franktown February 28th, 1878 to the wife of William Thompson, a daughter.

CLOTHING.

35 PER CENT!!

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M. NATHAN'S

EASTERN IMPORTATION OF

FALL AND WINTER

—STOCK OF—

MENS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING

IS NOW COMPLETE

It cannot be excelled in variety style nor price for I will sell

35 Per Cent. Cheaper than any other

House in Reno.

Careful buyers are fast learning that it is economy in cash as well as satisfaction in goods to buy their outfits of me. All goods warranted as represented.

MY STOCK OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Includes everything Staple, Novel and Choice that line

LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

TRUNKS, SATCHELS & VALISES

Of any House on the Coast all of the best Eastern makes

Remember that prices are way down,

M. NATHAN'S,

POPULAR CLOTHING STORE

Virginia Street Reno

D & B LACHMAN,

—DEALERS IN—

CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS,

HATS, CAPS,

BOOTS, SHOES,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.,

Commercial Row, Between Virginia

and Sierra Streets, Reno.

Are now opening a new and complete stock of the most fashionable articles which we purchased at the very lowest rates and are determined to give our patrons the benefit thereof. Being established here so long it is almost useless to mention that what we say we mean to do—we don't puff and blow never compromised with our creditors and still live and let live.

Call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

D & B LACHMAN

Reno, May 12 1877

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

ETC., ETC.

Having re-established myself in business with a full stock of each article enumerated above I respectfully solicit the patronage of all old friends and the public generally. I will endeavor to reciprocate by selling first-class goods at low prices.

ABE. PRESCOTT,

Chislevich's building, Com. Row, Reno

Sept 21 77

W. SANDERS

A. C. KALE

SANDERS & CO.,

(Odd Fellows Building, Virginia Street)

—DEALERS IN—

FURNITURE, BEDDING,

COFFINS, CASKETS and

UNDERTAKERS GOODS

Agents for the Champion Bee

Hives and Honey Boxes.

FLOWER POTS, ETC., ETC

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DONNOLLY'S YE A T POWDER.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

SWORN EVIDENCE.

The following Cure is probably the most remarkable ever effected by any medical preparation for the treatment of Catarrh:

Continued.—I here certify that I have had Catarrh for ten years, and for the last six years have been a terrible sufferer. I was cured partially by Catarrh, in the head, put across the forehead, dizziness, weak, and painful eyes, swollen and ulcerated tonsils, hard and constant cough, severe pain across the chest, and every indication of consumptive. I tried all the time, and the matter accumulated so rapidly in my head and throat that I could not keep them free. Frequently at night I would spring out of bed, it seemed to me at the moment of combustion. I would then have recourse to every means in my power to dislodge the mucus from my throat until it before being able to sleep again. For a period of six years my tonsils were ulcerated and so much inflamed that I could not swallow. I finally consulted an eminent oculist, and after long and tedious treatment, he successfully removed them. 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HOTELS.

DEPOT HOTEL

AT THE DEPOT, RENO, NEVADA.

WILLIAM R. CHAMBERLAIN,
PROPRIETOR.

THIS house is situated beside the Railroad track, and it is but a step from the building to the cars of the C. P. R. R. on one side and those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRACTIVE OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

ALL THE PASSENGER TRAINS STOP in front of the Hotel.

The Office of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express is in this Building.

Connected with this Hotel is a first-class LUNCH ROOM -AND- OYSTER SALOON

Where passengers from the cars, and all others desiring a "square meal," can get Oysters in Every Style, Clams, Crabs, Pickled Fish, Cold Meats, Hot Coffee and Tea, and other delicacies.

W. R. CHAMBERLAIN
Proprietor.

LAKE HOUSE,

RENO, NEVADA.

ED. VESEY, Prop'r.

This Hotel is first class in every respect. Has a pleasant location and fine grounds, upon the bank of the Truckee River.

THE HOUSE HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY REFITTED

And adapted to the comfort of the guests. It offers superior inducements for

A FAMILY RESORT.

FINE BAR,

—AND—

PRIVATE BILLIARD ROOM ATTACHED.

Proper notification being given by telegraph or otherwise the Lake House carriage will always be at hand to convey the guests to and from the hotel.

ED. VESEY, Prop.

POLLARD HOUSE,

(Near the Passenger Depot, Reno.)

MISS MARY WALL, Proprietress

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS HER OLD friends and the public that she has taken possession of this popular hotel, which has been thoroughly refitted, and is now ready to receive guests.

THE TABLE

Will at all times be supplied with the choicest viands the market affords.

THE ROOMS

Throughout are furnished in a style to please the most fastidious.

THE BAR

Is always supplied with the best brands of choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

ARCADE HOTEL,

OPPOSITE THE RAILROAD DEPOT.

DAVE McFARLAND, Proprietor.

This house is now open in all its branches and those in search of a desirable stopping place will find it greatly to their advantage to give me a call.

The Table is supplied with the best the market affords, and well cooked and served.

The Bar is supplied with the choicest of everything.

The Hotel throughout is one of the best in the State. The rooms being all large, airy and well furnished.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL

(Opposite the Depot)

RENO, NEVADA.

W. T. C. ELLIOTT, Proprietor.

OPEN NIGHT AND DAY.

THIS HOTEL IS NOW OPEN IN FIRST-class style, with fine and commodious bed rooms, parlor, etc., to accommodate the public. The bar the equalities of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Can be procured.

The proprietor attends to the wants of the patron in person, and will do all in his power to keep up the excellent reputation of the hotel at home and abroad.

COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE

SALOON.

VAN BUREN & LANE, Props.

Are prepared to furnish the public with the finest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE CHOP HOUSE.

Where the public will be served with a good meal at moderate prices. Oysters in every style and season.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Second Judicial District, in and for Washoe County, State of Nevada, duly entered on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1878, to me directed and delivered on the 8th day of February, 1878, upon a judgment and decree recovered in said Court, on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1878, in favor of DENNIS MAHONEY, Plaintiff, and against SMITH J. GILL and SAMUEL M. OASEN, Defendants, for the sum of \$186 23-100 dollars, principal, and twenty-five and 68-100 (\$25 88-100) dollars interest to date of judgment, with interest on one hundred and eighty six and 23-100 (\$186 23-100) dollars from judgment at the rate of three per cent per month till paid, with attorneys' fees as provided for in said mortgage, the sum of twelve and 21-100 (\$12 21-100) dollars U. S. gold coin together with thirty-three and 65-100 (\$33 65-100) dollars, costs and disbursements at the date of said judgment and decree, and accruing costs, I have levied upon the following described real property to wit, (to-wit: a certain mortgage) sit of that certain lot or block known and described as lot one (1) in block "P" situated in the town of Reno, County of Washoe State of Nevada, as shown upon the official map of said town of Reno, on file in the County Recorder's office of said county of Washoe, also the part or portion of lot two (2) in said block "P" in said town of Reno, County of Washoe, State of Nevada, bounded and described as follows: First beginning at the north-westerly corner of the aforesaid lot No. 1 in said block, extending thence northerly along the east side of Virginia street fifteen (15) feet, thence at right angles to the east line of Virginia street and easterly ninety (90) feet, thence at right angles northerly twenty (20) feet, thence at right angles and westerly ninety (90) feet to the east line of Virginia street fifteen (15) feet, thence at right angles and easterly one hundred and forty (140) feet, thence at right angles and southerly fifty (50) feet, thence at right angles and westerly one hundred and forty (140) feet to the line of lot one (1) in block "P" together with all and singular the tenements, improvements and appurtenances of said two above described parcels of land.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1878, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. at the Court House doors in Reno in said Washoe County, State of Nevada, I will sell at public auction all the right, title and interest of the said Defendants in and to the above described property to the highest and best bidder for cash in U. S. gold coin, to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs.

A. K. LAMB, Sheriff.

By Wm. H. YOUNG, Deputy Sheriff.
Dated February 8th, A. D. 1878.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Second Judicial District, in and for Washoe County, State of Nevada, duly entered on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1878, to me directed and delivered on the 24th day of February, 1878, upon a judgment recovered in said Court on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1878, in favor of James P. Winfrey, Plaintiff, and against James McQuinn, Defendant, for the sum of Nine hundred and twenty-eight (\$928 00) dollars, U. S. gold coin with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum till paid together with One hundred and fourteen (\$114 50) dollars, costs and disbursements at the date of said judgment, and accruing costs, I have levied upon the following described personal property, to-wit: Nine (9) tons and 135 pounds of dried hay on the premises of P. J. Kelly as belonging to the above named defendant.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, March 2d, 1878, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M., to-wit: 9 o'clock A. M. of said day on the premises of P. J. Kelly, in Washoe County, State of Nevada, I will sell at public auction the right, title and interest of the said Defendant in and to the above described property to the highest and best bidder, for cash in U. S. gold coin, to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs.

A. K. LAMB, Sheriff.

By Wm. H. YOUNG, Deputy Sheriff.
Dated February 24th, A. D. 1878.

Wm. Webster Attorney for Plaintiff.

NOTICE.

TO FRANK D. DECKER—Take Notice—You are hereby notified that the co-owner with you in the claims known as Copenhagen, located December 2, 1875, and Belguian, located May 3, 1876, mining claims, situate in Nevada Mining District, Washoe County, Nevada, have worked the same in accordance with the United States Mining Laws so far as their interests are concerned. Now, therefore you are hereby notified to come forward and contribute your pro rata in accordance with the requirements of the United States Mining Laws, within ninety days from the first issuance of this notice, otherwise they, you or co-owner, will avail the majority of your rights as granted by the United States Mining Laws, approved May 10, 1872 Section five (5).

J. A. PETERSON,
F. VAN DOOREN.

Reno, February 1, 1878. 3m

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. San Francisco, Cal. January 31, 1878.—This undersigned have this day entered into a partnership, under the firm name of D. W. EARLE & CO., for the purpose of conducting a General Forwarding Commission business, in the States of California and Nevada. Principal office, 225 California Street San Francisco. (Signed) DANIEL WYLLIE EARLE, ALBERT HENRY WALLACE, WILLIAM WILLIAMSON, CLARK WRIGHT CHOCKER, All of San Francisco, California.

Duly acknowledged, before James L. King, Notary Public. Endorsed—Filed, January 31st, 1878. Thus H. Reynolds, County Clerk. By Jno. F. Farran, Deputy Clerk. feb7

AH CHOUEY—OFFICIAL.

DESCRIPTION of the Chinaman who murdered one of his countrymen and fled the country in which the murder was committed. AH CHOUEY is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, 31, 4 or 5 years of age; slender build; very light complexion, delicate hands, with taper fingers, quick motioned; but in talker—speaks English very well, forward; impatient in manner of addressing Chinese people; overbearing in the extreme toward Americans.

The Sheriff and officers of the several counties in this State are requested to keep a lookout.

A. K. LAMB,
Sheriff of Washoe County.

26-1w

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between S. F. Hoyle and H. C. Palmer, under the name and style of S. F. Hoyle & Co., in the drug business, located in the building, Reno, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. S. F. Hoyle will continue the business at the old stand, will receive and receipt for all moneys and accounts due the late firm and pay all bills of the partnership.

S. F. HOYLE,
H. C. PALMER.

Reno, February 14th, 1878.

THE KINGSLEY

GLOVE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Washington St., between Oak & Elm

RED BLUFF, CAL.

ESTABLISHED 1862.

Manufacturers of all kinds of

BUCKSKIN GOAT SKIN,
DOG SKIN, KID,
And HAWK GLOVES.

Backskin Clothing & Carriage Robes

Made to Order.

REBUGHT AND SOLD.

All Goods Warranted.

LUMBER,

VERDI PLANING MILL CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

LUMBER

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

MINING AND BRIDGE TIMBERS,

SHINGLES,

Common and Finishing Lumber,
Matched and Dressed Flooring, Ceiling,
Bevel Edge Siding, Rustic Siding,
Fancy pointed Pickets,

DOORS, BLINDS, SASH, MOULDING,

FANCY FRONT DOORS, TRANSOMS,

Window and Door Frames, and Architraves Made to Order.

BRACKETS, SAWED BALUSTERS,

And all kinds of Scroll Sawing done to order.

NEWEL POSTS, BALUSTERS & TURNINGS

Of all Descriptions.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Address VERDI MILL CO.,
Verdi, Nevada.

D. MCINTOSH | R. S. MACHAM | S. A. HAMLIN.

CRYSTAL PEAK LUMBER CO.,

VERDI, NEVADA.

DEALERS IN OLLAR AND COMMON

LUMBER,

HEAVY TIMBERS, WOOD & POSTS.

ORDERS FOR

Finishing Lumber

Shingles, Doors,

Sash, Blinds, Etc.

PROMPTLY FILLED.

Our Facilities for Shipping are Unexcelled.

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CRYSTAL PEAK LUMBER CO.,
apl3 VERDI, NEVADA.

GREAT REDUCTION.

LUMBER AT REDUCED PRICES.

The undersigned being residents of Reno and engaged in the lumber business and having a large assortment of building material on hand to wit:

Common Lumber,

Sierra Valley Sugar Pine,

Red Wood, Oregon Pine,

Doors, Windows, Laths,

Shingles, Fire Wood, Etc.,

Have determined to reduce the prices to such low figures as will enable persons who may wish to purchase to give them a call before going else where.

Lumber Furnished by the Car Load

At Mill Prices.

C. A. BRAGG & CO.
Reno, Sept. 10, 1877.

RENO LUMBER CO.

CHARLES COUTURES, JOHN ROYD

COURTOIS & ROYD

Sash, Blinds, Doors,
Mouldings, Rustic Siding,
Feather Edge Siding,
Dressed Flooring,
Dressed Lumber,
Door and Window Frames,
and Wood Turning.

BEDSTEADS, CRIBS & LOUNGES.

Orders Promptly Filled.

SCREEN DOORS AND WIRE CLOTHES.

CHEAP WOOD.

Fine wood sawed into stove lengths and delivered for \$1 50 per cord. Cedar wood for \$1, and mountain mahogany for \$2 50 per cord. All kinds sawed and delivered. Wood sawed in any part of Reno in lots not less than 10 cords for one dollar per cord.

Special attention given to

FANCY STYLES OF DOORS.

1917

JUST OPENED.

S. BERWIN'S

TAILORING AND GLOVE ESTABLISHMENT,

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO.

Repairing of all kinds. Suits made to order. Gloves a specialty. All work at lower rates than elsewhere.

2027-3m

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

JONES & KINKEAD GOLD AND SILVER MINING CO.—Location of principal place of business, Reno, Nevada. Location of works, Pyramid Mining District, Washoe County, Nevada.

There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment (No. 6) levied on the 8th day of January, 1878, the several amounts set opposite the name of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Name.	No. Cert.	Shrs.	Am't.
E. W. Cault.	41	200	\$ 4 00
E. W. Cault.	46	500	10 00
E. W. Cault.	50	100	2 00
E. W. Cault.	76	90	1 80
E. W. Cault.	123	750	15 00
E. W. Cault.	129	50	1 00
E. W. Cault.	76	750	15 00
Jno. Wilson.	82	2165	43 10
J. F. Richardson.	84	60	1 00
C. A. Simmons.	116	1000	20 00
Mrs. J. V. Peers.	119	100	2 00
L. C. Savage.	122	500	10 00
L. C. Savage.	125	250	5 00
M. Nathan.	148	400	8 00
W. F. G. Halbert.	152	100	2 00
Like Evans.	163	453	9 06
Mrs. Jno. Wilson.	168	100	2 00
Wm. Thompson.	169	250	5 00
T. W. Longley.	197	180	3 60
L. C. Wheeler.	198	200	4 00
Geo. T. Hunscomb.	198	200	4 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors made on the 8th day of January, 1878, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the Reno Savings Bank, Reno, Nevada, on Thursday, March 7th, 1878, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
L. C. BATHGELDER, Secretary.
Reno, Feb. 7, 1878.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

CROWN PRINCE GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY.—Location of works Pyramid Mining District, Washoe County, Nev. Principal place of business, Reno, Nevada.

There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment (No. 4) levied on the 30th day of November, 1877, the several amounts set opposite the name of the respective shareholder, as follows:

Name.	No. Cert.	Shares.	Am't.
T. B. Hayden.	8	2,000	\$ 40 00
L. P. Walker.	12	600	12 00
James Carson.	34	6,415	128 30
E. Novall.	39	400	8 00
G. Schaffer.	51	1,000	20 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 30th day of November, 1877, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the company, Reno, on Monday, March 25th, 1878, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
J. J. BECKER, Secretary.
Reno, Feb. 25, 1878.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

HIGHLAND DITCH AND WATER COMPANY.—Location of principal place of business Reno, Nevada.

There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment (No. 4) levied on the 2nd day of January, the several amounts set opposite the name of the respective shareholder, as follows:

Name.	Cert.	No. Shrs.	Am't.
P. Tighe.	15	197 1/2	\$39 25
P. Tighe.	57	100	30 00
P. Tighe.	58	100	30 00
P. Tighe.	69	100	30 00
P. Tighe.	61	100	30 00
P. Robertson.	10	200	60 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 2nd day of January, 1878, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at D. McInch's store, Reno, on Saturday, March 2nd, 1878, at 10 o'clock P. M. to pay and delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
A. F. BORDEN, Secretary.
Reno, February 2d, 1878.

PASSENGER AND FAST FREIGHT LINE.

WADSWORTH, LODI, ELLSWORTH, And IONE.

Fare from Wadsworth to Lodi, Ellsworth or Ione.....\$15 00

Freight from Wadsworth to Lodi, Ellsworth or Ione.....5cts per lb

Will Leave Wadsworth on the

5TH, 15TH AND 25TH OF EACH MONTH.

Will Leave Ione on the

10TH, 20TH AND 30TH OF EACH MONTH

Passing Ellsworth & Lodi each way.

ALL ORDERS RECEIVED WILL BE FILLED WITH CARE AND DISPATCH.

M. G. ORR, Proprietor.
Headquarters at G. W. Sawyer.
Wadsworth, Dec. 1, 1877.—no27-4f

HYMERS & CHISM'S

TRUCKEE

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

Cor. Sierra and Second Streets,
Reno, Nevada.

HORSES,

BUGGIES and

SADDLE HORSES

To let, and Horses Boarded by the Day Week or Month. Terms to suit the times.

I also have attached a Large Hay Yard, with good Stables. Also, Corral for Loose Stock, well watered.

BEHARSE TO LET.

SU LEE & CO.

PRACTICAL LAUNDRYMEN.

WE CALL FOR AND RETURN CLOTHES whenever desired. We guarantee satisfaction. Having been in the Laundry business so long in Reno, we feel justified in saying that we give general satisfaction. Charges reasonable. Give us a trial.

TAKE NOTICE.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT I, LANG LEE, have this day purchased the store recently owned by Quong Wong, Reno, Nevada, and I will not be held responsible for any bills of his contraction, either new or at any past time.

Reno, Jan. 25, 1878-1w.

LAND FOR RENT.

50 ACRES of new land on Truckee Meadows to rent for one year or more. For particulars apply to

G. H. HOLCOMB.

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ADDRESS ALL ORDERS,

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RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA.

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NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

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FURNISHES THE LATEST NEWS FROM all parts of the Coast, and is furnished to subscribers

For \$10 a Year.

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IS WELL SUPPLIED WITH NEW MATERIAL of the latest and best styles in the market, including the celebrated GORDON POWER PRESS, whereby we are enabled to turn out

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—FOR THE—

MERCHANT, TRADER, MECHANIC, CAPITALIST, PLEASURE SEEKER

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DOGGERS, CARDS, TAGS, CIRCULARS, PROGRAMMES, LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, BILL HEADS, STATEMENTS, SHIPPING BILLS, BALL INVITATIONS, CHECKS, RECEIPTS, BLANKS, ETC., ETC.

And we invite all those desiring anything in our line of business to call and examine specimens and prices, being confident that we can give ENTIRE SATISFACTION. We have purchased and made arrangements to be constantly supplied with every needed variety of

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So that we are able, upon short notice, to print

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BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

F. AND A. M.

Reno Lodge, No. 13, F. & A. M.
Stated communications held Saturday Evening at or before full of the moon. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited to attend.
G. A. RICHARDSON, W. M.
ORVIS BING, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, No. 14
Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meet at their Hall, east side of Virginia street, Reno, every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
W. H. MOSE, N. G.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, IN-
dependent Order of Odd Fellows, meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over the Congregational Church, every Thursday evening. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. BECKER, N. G.
Geo. Brooks, Secretary.

I. C. O. R. C.

WASHOE ENCAMPMENT NO. 2
Independent Order of Red Cross, meets at Odd Fellows Hall, over the Congregational Church, every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members in good standing are invited to attend.
W. SANBORN, B. O.

ALFALFA GRANGE, NO. 1. MEETS THE 1st Saturday of each month at 1 o'clock P. M.
E. C. MCKENLEY, Secretary.

HOME AND HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

JOHNSON, CLARK & COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS

17 New Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

The HOME AND HOME SHUTTLE Sewing Machines were awarded the highest prizes and diplomas at the Centennial, 1876, and are the Perfection of Mechanism. These unequalled machines use a straight needle, unlike the "Lock Stitch," have a self-adjusting tension, and are adapted to every variety of Sewing for Family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest Cloths, and will also sew leather. They are especially adapted to the wants of

Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, Manufacturers of Clothing, Shirts, Shirts, Corsets, Ladies' Boots, Umbrellas, Etc., Etc., Etc.

THE HALL TREADLE

Is the greatest improvement ever invented in connection with the sewing machine, and we being the sole agents for the Hall Treadle have concluded to apply it to every "Home" or "Home Shuttle" Sewing Machine sold hereafter on the Pacific Coast, without extra charge. (Take notice that every other Sewing Machine fitted up with the Hall Treadle costs \$12 extra.)

The Home and Home Shuttle Sewing Machines with Hall Treadle attached, are the lightest running, and superior to any machines, and for all practical working purposes,

Simplicity, Strength and B

They are unapproached by any other Machine yet invented.

The Hall Treadle will be attached to any other machine if desired. Mr. Jaquish invites all to visit his place and see how it operates.

J. N. JAQUISH,

Agent for Reno and Northern Country.
1928-4f

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this office.

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GENUINE ESSENCE OF LIFE

Can be had only at

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Price \$3 per bottle, or 4 times the quantity in case, \$10; sent secure from observation, to any address, on receipt of price. C. O. D. All communications confidential. Address all letters to

DR. STEINHART,

426 Kearny Street, San Francisco.
Jan-1f